Student Language Scoring Guide: High School Condensed Version

| 5/6: STRONG <br> The paper is usually longer and more complex. It shows strong writing skills. | 4: SOLID <br> The paper is long enough to show what $10^{\text {th }}$ Graders should be able to do. | 3: ALMOST THERE <br> The paper is not long enough, or it has some problems. | 2/1: NEEDS WORK <br> The paper is much too short, or it has significant problems. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5/6 IDEAS: STRONG <br> - Purpose and main ideas: interesting; stand out; clear and focused <br> - Supporting details: <br> - many strong, rich, specific details explain the main ideas; interesting <br> - balanced, in-depth, focused <br> - seem carefully chosen for audience and purpose <br> - Writer shares new understandings <br> - Outside resources, if used: provide strong, accurate, believable details <br> - Writing holds the reader's attention | 4 IDEAS: SOLID <br> - Purpose and main ideas: clear, focused, easy to understand <br> - Supporting details: <br> - enough to develop main ideas <br> - most are specific <br> - most are focused and related to the main ideas; on the topic <br> - most are explained or developed <br> - show some awareness of audience and purpose <br> - Writer may share new understandings <br> - Outside resources, if used: provide accurate ideas and supporting details | 3 IDEAS: ALMOST THERE <br> - Purpose and main ideas: clear, easy to understand <br> - Supporting details: <br> - may not be enough to develop the ideas <br> - may be too general (not specific) <br> - some may be off the topic <br> - may not be explained (list events or points without explanation) <br> - may sound too much like another story or movies <br> - Outside resources, if used: provide questionable ideas or details | 2/1 IDEAS: NEEDS WORK <br> - Purpose and main ideas: not very clear; reader may have to guess at what they are <br> - Supporting details: <br> - paper may be much too short, without enough ideas or details <br> - may be off the topic <br> - may be repeated over and over <br> - may not be understandable |
| 5/6 ORGANIZATION: STRONG <br> - The reader can follow the writing easily; ideas and details are placed in an order that moves the reader right along <br> - Beginning: inviting; makes the reader want to keep reading <br> - Ending: satisfying <br> - Connecting words and phrases: smooth; effective; make the writing easy to follow from one part to next <br> - Paragraph breaks: used effectively <br> - Writing may follow a formula, but it is graceful, skillful, and subtle | 4 ORGANIZATION: SOLID <br> - The reader can follow the writing; ideas and details are placed in an order that makes sense <br> - Beginning: can be identified; enough to make up at least one paragraph <br> - Ending: can be identified; enough to make up at least one paragraph <br> - Connecting words and phrases: help the reader follow from one part to the next <br> - Paragraph breaks: are there; helpful <br> - Writing may follow a formula (such as the classic "five-paragraph essay") | 3 ORGANIZATION: ALMOST THERE <br> - The reader can follow the writing most of the time, but some parts may be a little unclear; some ideas and details may be placed where they do not make the most sense; some may seem out of place <br> - Beginning: too short or too obvious <br> - Ending: too short or too obvious <br> - Connecting words and phrases: same ones may be used too often (and, so, but, then); points may be numbered <br> - Paragraph breaks: some may be there | 2/1 ORGANIZATION: NEEDS WORK <br> - The reader has a hard time following the writing and may be confused often; ideas and details are not in an order that makes sense <br> - Beginning: may not be there, or is much too short <br> - Ending: may not be there, or is much too short <br> - Body: may not be there, or is much too short <br> - Paragraph breaks: may not be there |
| 5/6 VOICE: STRONG <br> - Commitment to topic: the writer seems very committed <br> - Appropriateness of voice, considering topic, audience, purpose: very appropriate; writer is personal or more objective <br> - Other indications: very sincere, lively, exciting, suspenseful, expressive, funny <br> - Reader may feel a strong connection with writer | 4 VOICE: SOLID <br> - Commitment to topic: the writer seems committed <br> - Appropriateness of voice, considering audience and purpose: a voice is present; the writing is personal enough or objective enough most of the time <br> - Other indications: when appropriate, sincere, lively, expressive, engaging, funny | 3 VOICE: ALMOST THERE <br> - Commitment to topic: the writer seems somewhat committed <br> - Appropriateness of voice, considering audience and purpose: not appropriate much of the time; too personal and not objective enough or not personal enough <br> - Paper may not be long enough to show the ability to maintain an appropriate voice | 2/1 VOICE: NEEDS WORK <br> - Commitment to topic: the writer does not seem interested in the topic or involved with the reader <br> - Appropriateness of voice, considering audience and purpose: the writing may seem lifeless and flat |

## 5/6: STRONG

The paper is usually longer and more complex. It shows strong writing skills.
5/6 WORD CHOICE: STRONG

- Kinds of words: strong, specific, accurate, interesting; also natural and not overdone; ordinary words used in an unusual way; words energize the writing
- Variety: rich, broad range of words
- Slang, if used: effective(as in dialogue)
- Descriptive or figurative language: may create clear images in reader's mind
- Appropriateness for audience, purpose: very appropriate; carefully chosen words


## 5/6 SENTENCE FLUENCY:

 STRONG:- Overall: writing is very easy to read out loud; a fluent, natural sound, with one sentence flowing into the next; much variety in sentences makes the writing more interesting
- Sentence beginnings: sentences begin in many different ways
- Sentence lengths: some short, some medium, some long
- Sentence patterns: variety of patterns
- Dialogue, if used: sounds natural.

5/6 CONVENTIONS: STRONG

- Sentences: end where they should with the correct punctuation mark; no runons, commas splices, or fragments
- Spelling: even difficult words correct
- Verb tense \& point of view: consistent
- Dialogue: punctuated correctly
- Capitalization: correct
- Punctuation within sentences: correct
- Errors: may be a few minor errors
- Variety: wide range, usually in a longer and more complex paper (for example, colons, semi-colons, parentheses, many different uses of commas, dialogue, dashes, hyphenated words)

4: SOLID
The paper is long enough to show what $10^{\text {th }}$ Graders should be able to do.
4 WORD CHOICE: SOLID

- Kinds of words: words that work; get the meaning across
- Variety: variety of words used
- Slang, if used: does not seem to be used on purpose (as it might in dialogue)
- Descriptive, figurative, or technical language, if used: may seem overdone or overused once in a while
- Clichés: avoids overused phrases, sayings, and expressions most of the time
4 SENTENCE FLUENCY: SOLID
- Overall: writing is easy to read out loud; sounds natural; variety of sentence beginnings, lengths, patterns
- Sentence beginnings: most sentences begin in different ways
- Sentence lengths: some sentences are shorter; some are longer
- Sentence patterns: sentences have different patterns
- Dialogue, if used: most sounds natural


## 4 CONVENTIONS: SOLID

- Sentences: end where they should with the correct punctuation mark; few if any run-ons, comma splices, or fragments
- Spelling: common words correct
- Verb tense \& point of view: consistent
- Any dialogue: punctuated correctly
- Capitalization: correct
- Punctuation within sentences: sometimes incorrect
- Errors: some errors, but few major errors; the most important rules are followed most of the time
- Variety: not wide range, but paper is long enough and just complex enough to show solid 10th Grade skills

3: ALMOST THERE
The paper is not long enough, or it has some problems.

## 3 WORD CHOICE:

## ALMOST THERE

- Kinds of words: many are too general; not specific; once in a while, a wrong word may be used; in places, may not be appropriate for audience and purpose
- Variety: not much variety; some words may be repeated too often; paper may not be long enough to see enough variety
- Clichés: may be extensive use of overused phrases, sayings, or expressions
3 SENTENCE FLUENCY: ALMOST THERE
- Overall: some parts are easy to read out loud; other parts are more difficult, and the reader may have to slow down or reread; may not be enough variety in sentences
- Sentence beginnings: some begin in the same way, although some are different
- Sentence lengths: many sentences may be about the same length
- Sentence patterns: many are the same, although some are different
- Dialogue: may not sound natural


## 3 CONVENTIONS:

## ALMOST THERE

- Sentences: most end where they should with the correct mark, but some do not; some run-ons, comma splices, fragments
- Spelling: some common words incorrect
- Verb tense \& point of view: may be inconsistent
- Dialogue: may be some errors
- Capitalization: may be some errors
- Punctuation within sentences: errors
- Errors: more errors; some are basic
- Variety: in some papers, conventions may be correct, but paper is not long enough or is too simple to show solid 10th Grade skills

2/1: NEEDS WORK
The paper is much too short, or it has significant problems.

## 2/1 WORD CHOICE:

## NEEDS WORK

- Kinds of words: many or most are too general and vague; not specific; or inaccurate
- Misused words: there may be so many wrong words that the reader has trouble figuring out what the writer is trying to say
- Variety: little variety; words may be repeated over and over


## 2/1 SENTENCE FLUENCY: NEEDS WORK

- Overall: difficult to read out loud; the reader has to slow down or re-read because of the way sentences are formed
- Sentence beginnings: many begin the same way
- Sentence lengths: most may be about the same length-either short and choppy or long and rambling
- Sentence patterns: may be repeated over and over
- Order of words: mixed up; confusing


## 2/1 CONVENTIONS:

## NEEDS WORK

- Sentences: most do not end where they should with the correct punctuation mark; many run-ons, comma splices, fragments
- Spelling: many common words may be incorrect
- Capitalization: may be many errors
- Grammar: may be many basic errors
- Errors: so many basic errors that the reader has a hard time figuring out what the writer is trying to say

